

1 The Bahasa Indonesian language

The file `indonesian.dtx`¹ defines all the language definition macros for the Bahasa Indonesia. Bahasa just means ‘language’ in Bahasa Indonesia.

For this language currently no special definitions are needed or available.

The macro `\LdfInit` takes care of preventing that this file is loaded more than once, checking the category code of the @ sign, etc.

```
1 {*code}
2 \LdfInit\CurrentOption{date}\CurrentOption
```

When this file is read as an option, i.e. by the `\usepackage` command, `bahasa` could be an ‘unknown’ language in which case we have to make it known. So we check for the existence of `\l@bahasa` to see whether we have to do something here.

For both Bahasa Indonesia and Bahasa Malaysia the same set of hyphenation patterns can be used which are available in the file `inhyph.tex`. However it could be loaded using any of the possible Babel options for the Indonesian and Malaysian language. So first we try to find out whether this is the case.

```
3 \ifx\l@bahasa\@undefined
4   \ifx\l@bahasai\@undefined
5     \ifx\l@indon\@undefined
6       \ifx\l@indonesian\@undefined
7         \ifx\l@bahasam\@undefined
8           \ifx\l@malay\@undefined
9             \ifx\l@meyalu\@undefined
10               @nopatterns{Bahasa Indonesia}
11               \adddialect\l@bahasa0\relax
12             \else
13               \let\l@bahasa\l@meyalu
14             \fi
15           \else
16             \let\l@bahasa\l@malay
17             \fi
18           \else
19             \let\l@bahasa\l@bahasam
20             \fi
21           \else
22             \let\l@bahasa\l@indonesian
23             \fi
24           \else
25             \let\l@bahasa\l@indon
26             \fi
27           \else
28             \let\l@bahasa\l@bahasai
29             \fi
30 \fi
```

Now that we are sure the `\l@bahasa` has some valid definition we need to make sure that a name to access the hyphenation patterns, corresponding to the option used, is available.

```
31 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let
32   \expandafter\csname
```

¹The file described in this section has version number v1.0n and was last revised on 2025/06/01.

```
33 \expandafter \expandafter @\CurrentOption\endcsname
34 \l@bahasa
```

The next step consists of defining commands to switch to (and from) the Bahasa language.

\captionsbahasa The macro `\captionsbahasa` defines all strings used in the four standard documentclasses provided with L^AT_EX.

```
35 \@namedef{captions\CurrentOption}{%
36   \def\prefacename{Pendahuluan}%
37   \def\refname{Pustaka}%
38   \def\abstractname{Ringkasan}%
39   (% sometime it's called 'intisari'
40   % or 'ikhtisar')
41   \def\bibname{Bibliografi}%
42   \def\chaptername{Bab}%
43   \def\appendixname{Lampiran}%
44   \def\contentsname{Daftar Isi}%
45   \def\listfigurename{Daftar Gambar}%
46   \def\listtablename{Daftar Tabel}%
47   \def\indexname{Indeks}%
48   \def\figurename{Gambar}%
49   \def\tablename{Tabel}%
50   \def\partname{Bagian}%
51 % Subject: Subyek
52 % From: Dari
53 \def\enclname{Lampiran}%
54 \def\ccname{cc}%
55 \def\headtoname{Kepada}%
56 \def\pagename{Halaman}%
57 % Notes (Endnotes): Catatan
58 \def\seenname{lihat}%
59 \def\alsoname{lihat juga}%
60 \def\proofname{Bukti}%
61 \def\glossaryname{Daftar Istilah}%
62 }
```

\datebahasa The macro `\datebahasa` redefines the command `\today` to produce Bahasa Indonesian dates.

```
62 \@namedef{date\CurrentOption}{%
63   \def\today{\number\day`\ifcase\month\or
64     Januari\or Februari\or Maret\or April\or Mei\or Juni\or
65     Juli\or Agustus\or September\or Oktober\or November\or Desember\fi
66   \space \number\year}}
```

\extrasbahasa The macro `\extrasbahasa` will perform all the extra definitions needed for the **\noextrasbahasa** Bahasa language. The macro `\extrasbahasa` is used to cancel the actions of `\extrasbahasa`. For the moment these macros are empty but they are defined for compatibility with the other language definition files.

```
67 \@namedef{extras\CurrentOption}{}
68 \@namedef{noextras\CurrentOption}{}
```

\bahasahyphenmins The bahasa hyphenation patterns should be used with `\lefthyphenmin` set to 2 and `\righthyphenmin` set to 2.

```
69 \providehyphenmins{\CurrentOption}{\tw@ \tw@}
```

The macro `\ldf@finish` takes care of looking for a configuration file, setting the main language to be switched on at `\begin{document}` and resetting the category code of `@` to its original value.

```
70 \ldf@finish{\CurrentOption}
71 </code>
```

Finally, We create a few proxy files, which just load `indonesian.ldf`.

```
72 {*bahasa | indon | bahasai}
73 \input indonesian.ldf\relax
74 </bahasa | indon | bahasai>
```